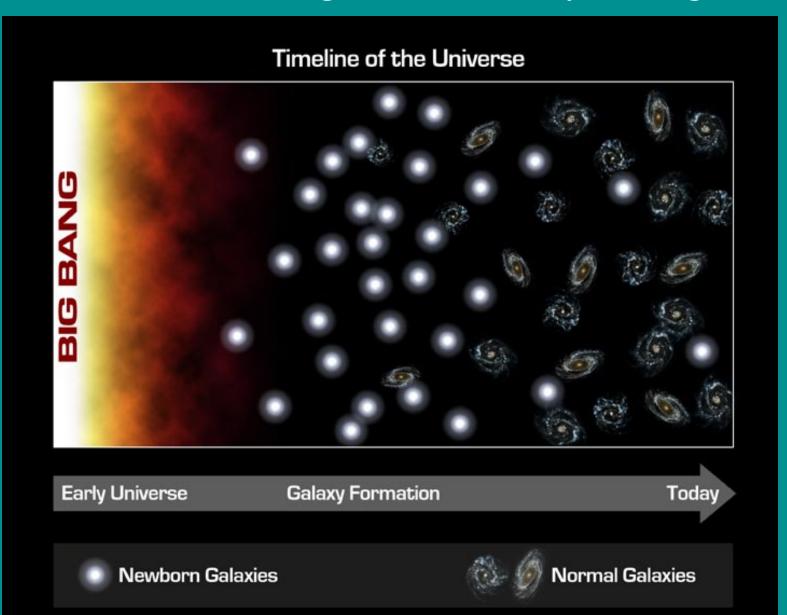
Introduction to the Universe

The universe began 13 billion years ago



The universe is expanding in all directions





Lecture Tutorial: The Big Bang

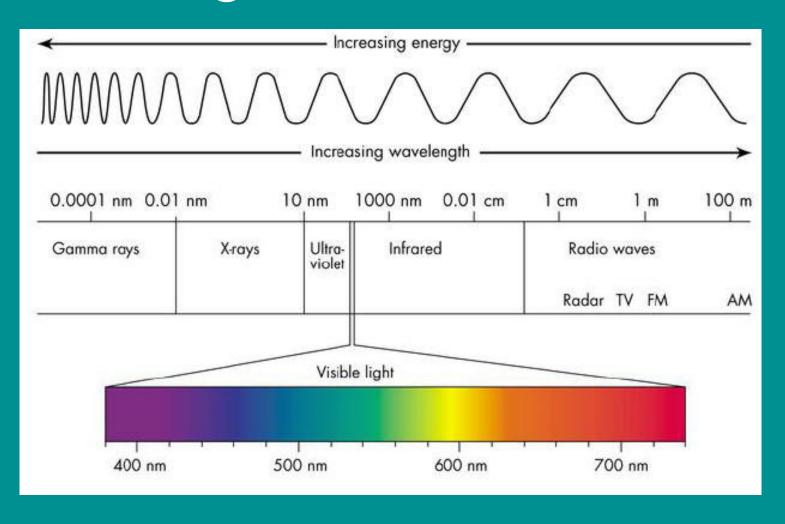
How do we *know* the universe is expanding?

The Doppler Shift: A change in the wavelength of a wave due to motion



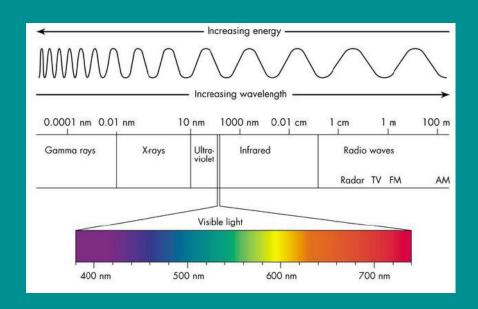
Burkland.wmv

Light is also a wave



If you increase the wavelength of light, the light becomes:

- (A)Redder
- (B)Bluer
- (C)Stays the same in color



You are in a spaceship flying away from a star. Compared to the light you would see if you were stationary, the light from that star will look:

- (A)Redder
- (B)Bluer
- (C)The same in color

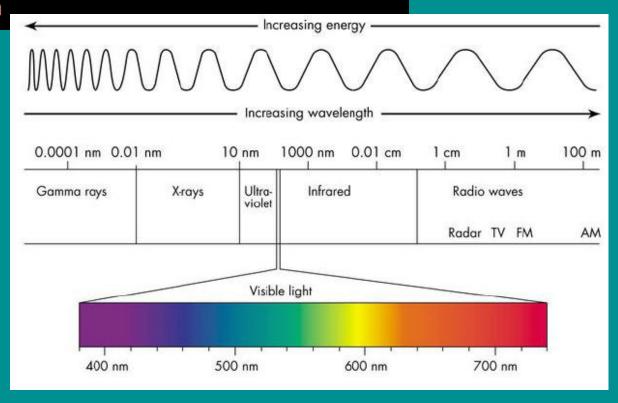
You are in a spaceship flying towards a galaxy. Compared to the light you would see if you were stationary, the light from that galaxy will look:

- (A)Redder
- (B)Bluer
- (C)The same in color

Which of the following bands of the electromagetic spectrum has photons with the largest wavelength?

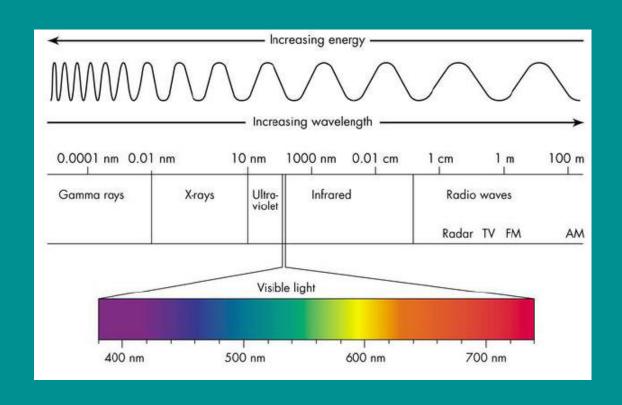
- A) X-Rays (or Gamma-Rays)
- B) Visible (or UV or IR)
- C) Microwave (or Radio)
- D) Choices A, B, & C all have the

same wavelength

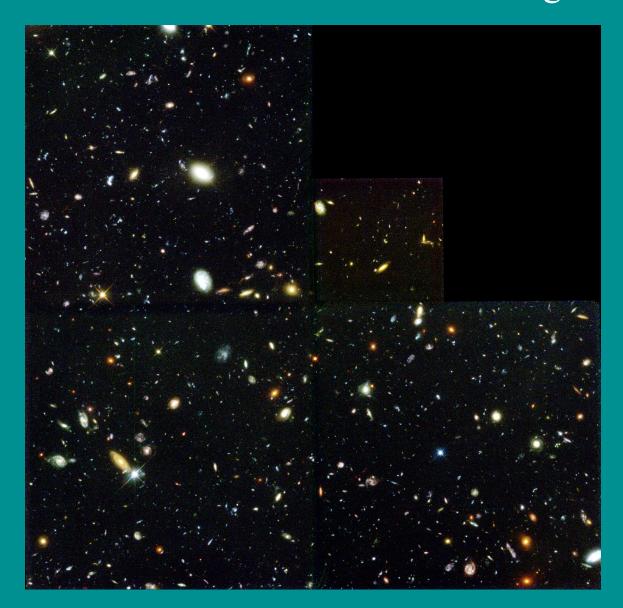


You are in a spaceship flying away from a star. When you were stationary, the starlight was in the visible light part of the electromagnetic spectrum. What part of the electromagnetic spectrum *might* the starlight appear to be in now?

- (A)Gamma ray
- (B)X ray
- (C)Ultraviolet
- (D)Infrared



There are hundreds of billions of galaxies in the universe



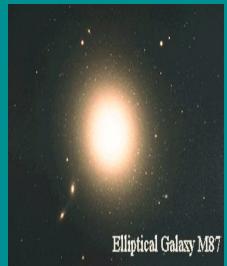
The Hubble "deep field"

Galaxies come in many shapes and sizes. Each galaxy is made of hundreds of billions of stars

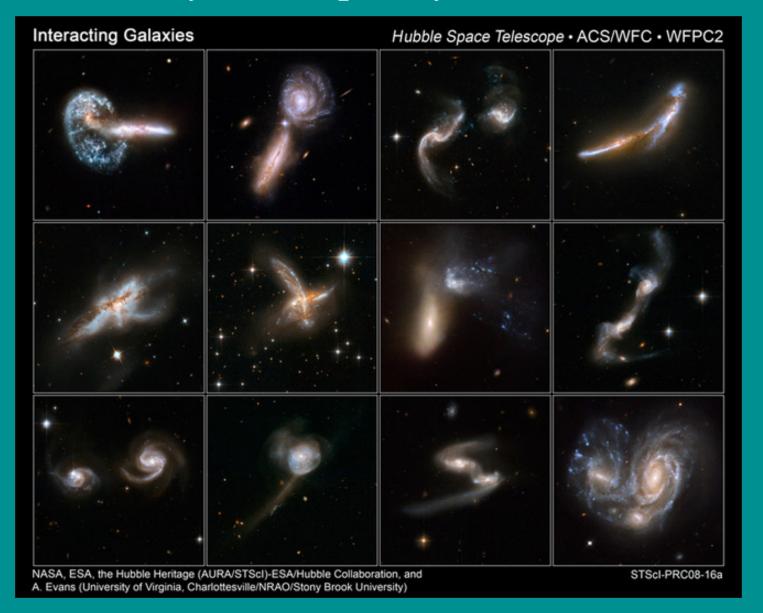




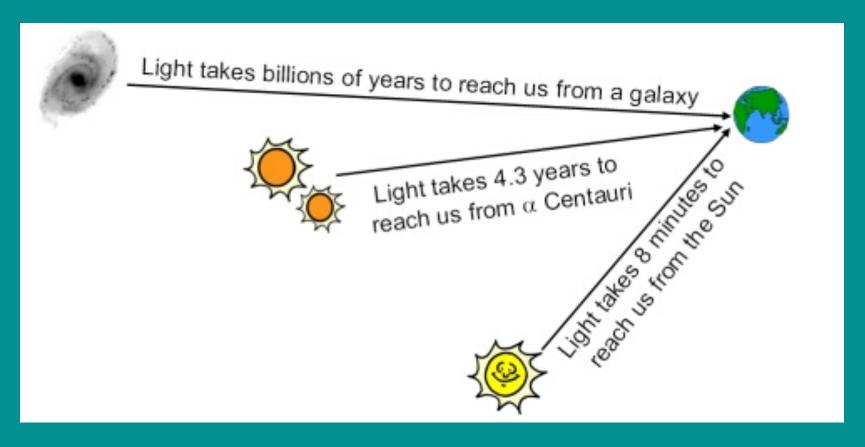




They are shaped by collisions



The farthest known galaxy is 13 billion light years away. So, the light we see left this galaxy 13 billion years ago.



A light year is the *distance* travelled by light in one year.

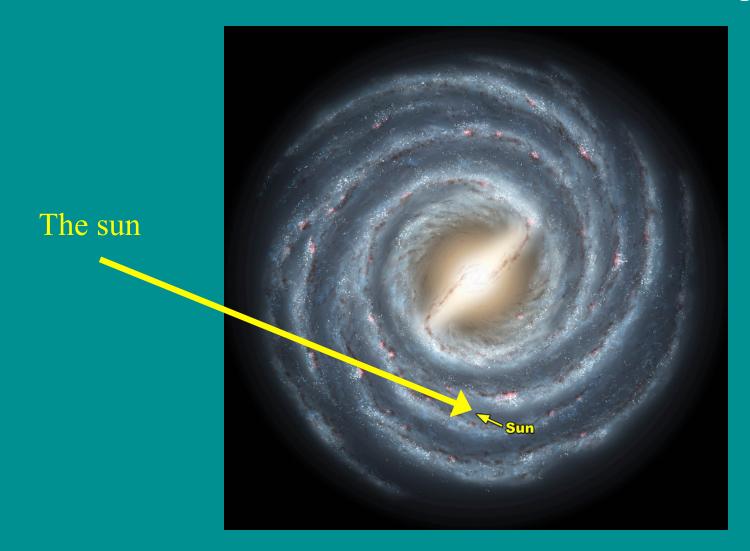
The galaxy *closest* to the Milky Way is the Andromeda Galaxy. It is so far away, that the light that reaches us left the galaxy 2.9 MILLION years ago.



Lecture Tutorial: Looking at Distant Objects

Our galaxy is called the Milky Way. It is a spiral galaxy.

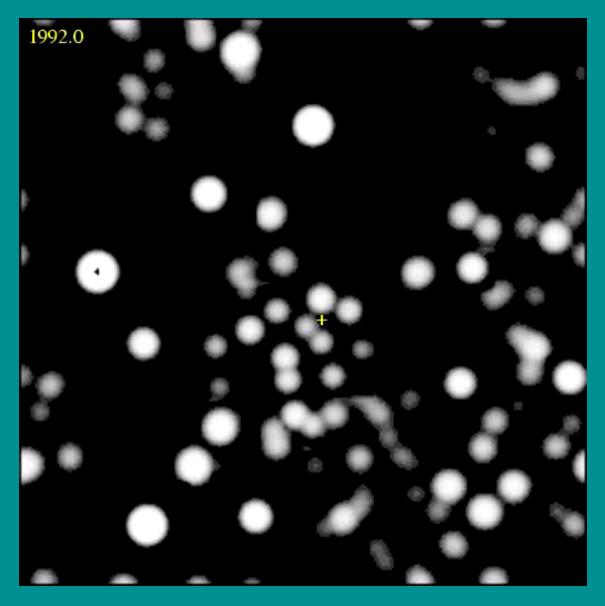
If we could see it from afar, it would look something like this:



Because we live inside of the the Milky Way, it looks like this instead:



The Milky Way consists of hundreds of billions of stars and has a black hole at its center.



Our sun lies 10¹¹ meters away from us. (this is 8 light minutes)

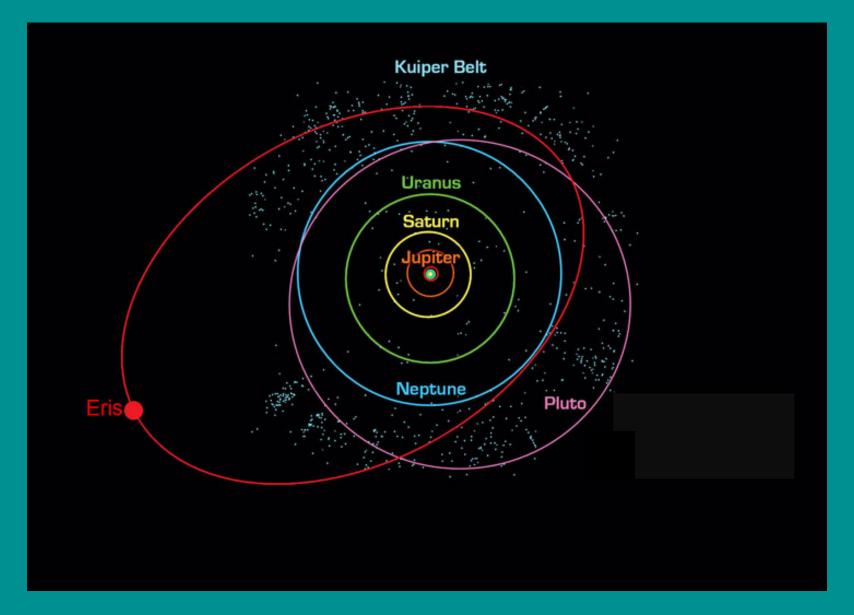


Our sun lies 10¹¹ meters away from us. (this is 8 light minutes)

8 light minutes is the _____ that light travels in a time of

We live in the solar system.

Here is a diagram of the planetary orbits.



What might the solar system actually look like from afar?

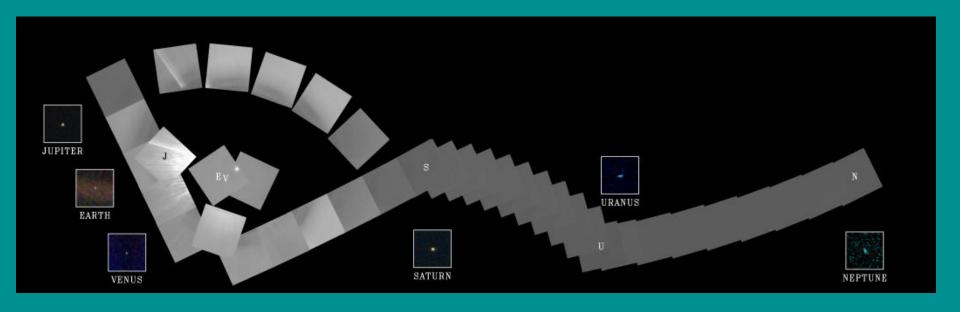
What might the solar system actually look like from afar?



This is a photo of Alpha Centauri

What does the Earth look like from afar?

A solar system portrait from the Voyager spacecraft.



What does the Earth look like from afar?

A portrait of the Earth from the Cassini spacecraft.



Lecture Tutorial: Milky Way Scales

Activity: What is your cosmic address?

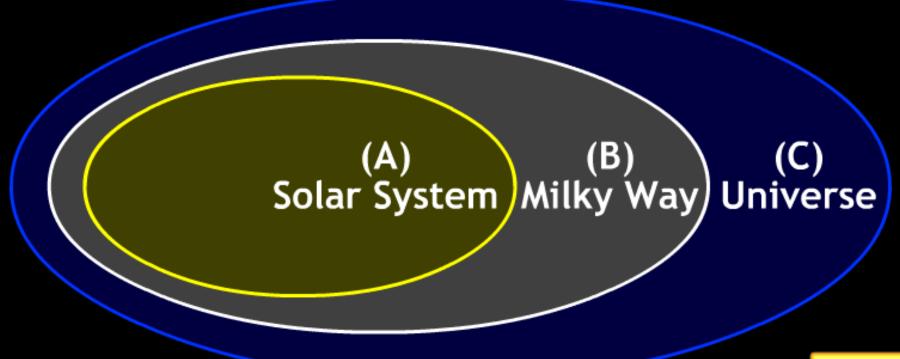
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Adapt Question: Jupiter 🔽

In the organizational diagram below, the term Earth would most appropriately fit in the area labeled...?

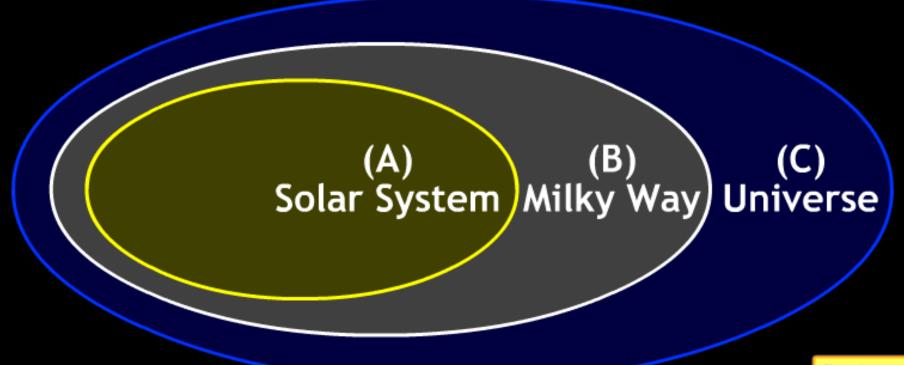


Show Answer



Adapt Question: Jupiter

In the organizational diagram below, the term Saturn would most appropriately fit in the area labeled...?



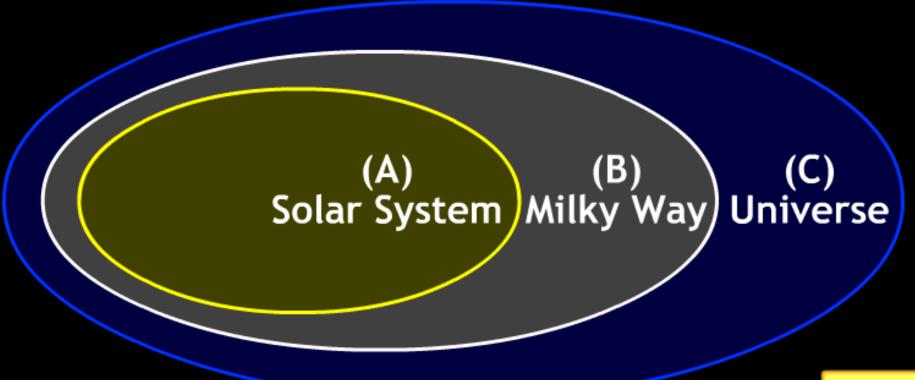
Show Answer



Adapt Question: Andromeda Galaxy



In the organizational diagram below, the star Alpha Centauri would most appropriately fit in the area labeled...?



Show Answer



Adapt Question: Andromeda Galaxy

In the organizational diagram below, the term Andromeda Galaxy would most appropriately fit in the area labeled...?

